

February 6, 2023

Board of County Commissioners

Cass County Water Resource District Managers Cass County Township Chairmen Cass County City Mayors

Chad M. Peterson Fargo, North Dakota

Subject: Flood Risk Reduction Projects

Tony Grindberg Fargo, North Dakota

Jim Kapitan Fargo, North Dakota

Duane Breitling West Fargo, North Dakota

> Mary Scherling Stanley Township, North Dakota

Enclosed are:

consider applications.

- A list of previously funded projects
- An application for project funding
- The commission policy regarding these funds

Questions may be directed to Robert Wilson, County Administrator, at (701) 241-5770.

The purpose of this letter is to seek input on potential flood risk reduction

funding assistance for projects using the Cass County sales tax. You may submit new projects at this time. If you previously made requests and your

project is not on the enclosed list and you would still like your project to be

considered, please re-submit your request. If your project is on the list, you don't need to submit anything unless there is updated information. Please

send your request to our office by Monday, March 27, 2023. The Flood Sales

Tax Committee will hold a meeting at 2 PM on Monday, April 3, 2023 to

Sincerely,

Chad M. Peterson, Chairman Cass County Commission

Taylor Kaushagen Commission Assistant

Enclosures

PO Box 2806 211 Ninth Street South Fargo, North Dakota 58108 701-241-5609 www.casscountynd.gov

	Cass County Sales Tax Activity (420)			
	Cash Basis - 2023	,		
	2/1/2023			
Date	Description	Amount	Balance	
	Balance Forward		10,308,892.80	
2023	Sales Tax	1,892,168.21	12,201,061.01	
2023	Interest	25,763.66	12,226,824.67	
1/25/2023	Diversion Board of Authority	(1,778,638.12)	10,448,186.55	
2023	Interest	25,763.66	12,226,824.67	

Reserved for County Projects - Cash
Reserved for Diversion Project
(0.00) 10,448,186.55

10,448,186.55 10,448,186.55

10,448,186.55

Summary

2023 Receipts

Transfer - Sales Tax Revenue 1,892,168.21 Interest Revenue 25,763.66 Total Receipts 1,917,931.87

2023 Expenditures

Balance Current 2023

Diversion Board of Authority (1,778,638.12)
City of Fargo - Cash Flow Other Sources County Projects Land Purchase Total Expenditures (1,778,638.12)

Receipts over Expenditures 139,293.75

Balance from 2022 10,308,892.80

Current County Projects					
2/1/2023					
Project	7	Total Approved	Paid		Left to Pay
Closed Projects	\$	4,795,616.54	\$ 4,795,616.54	\$	-
2015 Upper Maple River Detention Study Phase II	\$	45,500.00	\$ 37,068.77	\$	8,431.23
2015 Rush River Detention Study Phase II	\$	45,500.00	\$ 34,422.58	\$	11,077.42
2017 Sheldon Addition Ring Levee Project	\$	462,750.00	\$ -	\$	462,750.00
2018 City of Hunter Dam Projects	\$	23,582.80	\$ 11,527.09	\$	12,055.71
2019 T-180 Dam Safety Improvements	\$	24,765.89	\$ -	\$	24,765.89
2020 Hofer Property	\$	512,281.80	\$ 496,455.85	\$	15,825.95
2020 Davenport Levee	\$	1,425,000.00	\$ -	\$	1,425,000.00
2021 Gill Township Road	\$	14,250.00	\$ -	\$	14,250.00
2021 Maple River Township Road	\$	64,970.00	\$ -	\$	64,970.00
2022 Cass 15 Bridge 50%	\$	920,985.00	\$ -	\$	920,985.00
2022 Normanna Township Bank Stabilization 90%	\$	950,438.00	\$ -	\$	950,438.00
2022 Lilleberg Buyout 90%	\$	114,273.90	\$ -	\$	114,273.90
2022 Elm River Dam 2/3	\$	95,267.00	\$ -	\$	95,267.00
2022 Fill Township Slide Repair 75%	\$	27,063.00	\$ -	\$	27,063.00
2022 Durbin Township Slide Repair 75%	\$	41,947.50	\$ 41,941.50	\$	6.00
2022 Everest Township Slide Repair 75%	\$	21,000.00	\$ 13,689.17	\$	7,310.83
2022 Maple River Twonship Slide Repair 75%	\$	45,000.00	\$ -	\$	45,000.00
2022 Mapleton Flap Gate - Storm Sewer Outfalls 75%	\$	60,000.00	\$ -	\$	60,000.00
2022 Highway 81 Slide Repair 75%	\$	950,287.00	\$ -	\$	950,287.00
2022 Reed Township Sheyenne Riverbank Stabilization 50%	\$	8,650.00	\$ -	\$	8,650.00
2022 Elm River Dam Number 3 Improvements 90%	\$	16,830.00	\$ 1,913.53	\$	14,916.47
2022 Casselton Lagoon Slide Repair 75%	\$	525,000.00	\$ -	\$	525,000.00
2022 Upper Maple river Detention Study Phase II Part 2 90%	\$	27,720.00	\$ -	\$	27,720.00
То	otal \$	11,218,678.43	\$ 5,432,635.03	\$	5,786,043.40

Reserve for County Projects 2023 Activity

Balance of Cash Carried forward from 2022 \$ 10,308,89	
2023 Reserves	139,293.75
Total 10,448,186.5	
Paid in 2023	-
Encumbrances 5,786,043.	
Un-encumbered Balance	\$ 4,662,143.15



Application for Funding from the Cass County Flood Sales Tax Committee

Project Name:				
Project Name.				
Date:				
Funding Requested:	Cost Share %	50%	75%	90%
Location (Provide a brief discription):				
Name of				
Owner(s)/Applicant	Engineer Name			
Owner(s)/Applicants				
Address	Engineer Firm Name			
Owner(s)/Applicants				
Email	Engineer Email			
Owner(s) Phone	Engineer Phone			
Number	Number			
Owner/Applicant's				
Signature		Date:		
Representative's				
Signature		Date:		

Proposal: Brief Narrative Description of Reason(s) for Application

Breakdown of Project Funding		\$ Dollar Amount	
Total Project Cost			\$
Additional Funding Source #1 (Name)	•		\$
Additional Funding Source #2 (Name)			\$
Additional Funding Source #3 (Name)			\$
Additional Funding Source #4 (Name)			\$
Local Project Cost (Total Cost – Additional Fur	nding)		\$
Flood Sales Tax Requested Amount			
Applicant/Requesting Entity Cost			

Application and Funding Eligibility

(see criteria in the Cass County Policy 13.72 Amended County Sales Tax For Flood Risk Reduction and Recovery
Projects Adopted December 4, 2017 at www.casscountynd.gov/floodsalestaxcommittee
Describe why you are an Eligible Entity: (County, City, Township, Water Resource District, or Home/Landowner)

Project Eligibility: (Outline what provision of the Policy provides eligibility to fund this project based on the
criteria listed below)

1.Levee construction or recertification for cities or rural subdivisions. Generally levee projects
shouldbe constructed to FEMA and/or US Army Corps of Engineer standards and be able to bring the
benefited area out of the 1% chance (100 year) floodplain. These levees would also need to be
maintained at thatstandard by either the city or township that is a member of the National Flood
Insurance Program. Rural subdivisions seeking this funding would need to complete an agreement
with the township and form an assessment district for the long term maintenance of the levee.
2.Flood control projects.
3. Water retention or detention projects.
4.Dam construction or maintenance.
5.Lift Stations for removing storm water from within a levee protected area.
6.Rural Farmstead Ring Levees (in conjunction with the ND State Water Commission 50% cost share)
as outlined on the ND State Water Commission website under "Cost Share"
7.Road Projects that provide infrastructure protection to prevent significant future flood
damage. These requests may be standalone projects or in conjunction with post-flood damage repair
with or without FEMA cost share.
8.Road access (road raises or other infrastructure improvements that will allow access to a
city, subdivision, or rural residence/farmstead).
9.Embankment slumping along the Red River, Wild Rice River, Sheyenne River, Maple River, Rush and
Lower Rush Rivers, and Legal Drains. River slumping projects may include road and infrastructure
repair, home buyouts, and repair to legal drains.
10. Home buyouts for flooding and bank slumping.
11. Flood Recovery projects to include: Levee repair, road repair, bridge repair, and other
infrastructure related repair projects. None infrastructure flood recovery such as debris removal and
sandbag cleanup will not be eligible.

Cost Share Eligibility: (What % of cost share and provision of the Policy provides cost share % eligible for this project

This projec	This project meets the funding cost share eligibility of% based which of the following criteria (select all		
that apply):		
	1.Generally the cost share will be 50% of the "local" share of the non-retention projects, i.e. if a		
	\$100,000 project had a 50% state cost share, the local share would be \$50,000 and the County		
	2.Policy for Retention Projects: Cost share is 75% of the "local" share if they are approved by the Red		
	River Joint Water Resource District.		
	3. Home buyouts for flooding and bank slumping: Cost share is 90% of the "local" cost with the		
	homeowner paying 10% of the "local" cost.		

Project Priority: (Explain any provisions of the Policy that provides a higher priority for this project)

This project should be a higher priority based on the following criteria (select all that apply and provide a narrative on why the criteria applies):

1.Population benefited by the project
2.Distribution of funds by location
3. Disbursement percentage determined by the number of people benefited
4.Cost effectiveness of the project
5.Permanency of the project
6.Effect of the diversion on the project
7. Does the project have long-term merit (benefits extend beyond 10 years)
8.Other sources of funding from local, state, or federal cost share programs.

Evaluation Criteria: (Describe any specific Evaluation Criteria used to prioritize funding of this project)

This project should be a higher priority based on the following criteria (select all that apply and provide a narrative on why the criteria applies):

1.Benefit cost ratio
2.Land area benefited
3.Population benefited
4.Downstream flood reduction
5.Total acre-feet of retention storage

Attachments

	1.Funding Request Memo from the Project Owner With Suggested Motion
	2.Location Map

SUBJECT: COUNTY SALES TAX FOR FLOOD RISK REDUCTION AND RECOVERY PROJECTS

ADOPTED DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2017 PAGE 1 OF 4

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance for the administration and funding of projects with Cass County Flood Control Sales Tax funds.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

As passed during the 2010 election and extended in the 2016 election, the voters approved the following: The Cass County Home Rule Charter be amended to extend the existing flood protection-related sales, use, and gross receipts tax of one-half of one percent (1/2%) to be used solely for the engineering, land purchase, construction, and maintenance of flood control measures including the Metro Flood Diversion Project including associated special assessments and indebtedness, through December 31, 2084, and shall be rescinded when all of the costs, obligations, and debt for said project have been paid in full and satisfied, whichever event occurs first as provide in Resolution #2016-20.

Cass County Commission Policy 38.23 outlines Ordinance #2010-2 Amended (Flood Control Sales Tax) which serves as the ordinance for the establishment and regulation of the Cass County Flood Control Sales Tax.

This policy governs expenditures of funds from a one half percent County sales tax that started in 2011 and will end in 2084 to fund flood risk reduction projects. The primary purpose of the sales tax measure is to fund local costs associated with a planned Fargo Moorhead Area Flood Diversion project in either Minnesota or North Dakota. The planned diversion project will not address all flood damage risks in Cass County. Additional measures are necessary to reduce risk to areas within and outside of the diversion perimeter. Sales tax proceeds may also be expended for the Diversion and other flood risk reduction or recovery projects subject to funding availability and approval by the County Commission. The County sales tax proceeds should be used to leverage other sources of funding when possible.

County sales tax funds expended within incorporated cities: The County Commission through the Flood Sales Tax Committee may consider requests for flood risk reduction and recovery funding from cities within Cass County. The city will be responsible for planning and engineering costs associated with the project. Plans and specifications should be prepared by a professional engineer registered within the State of North Dakota. Projects won't be considered if they are strictly for new city development, especially cases where a developer would be shifting their cost to the County Flood Sales Tax. The city should also be able to demonstrate that other revenue sources for the project have been actively sought out. The preferred funding split is that City funds match the County sales tax proceeds on a 1:1 basis. Other funding splits may be considered by the Commission on a case by case basis to allow consideration to be given to unique circumstances and the ability of the City to pay 50% of the local cost share.

SUBJECT: COUNTY SALES TAX FOR FLOOD RISK REDUCTION AND RECOVERY PROJECTS

ADOPTED DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2017 PAGE 2 OF 4

County sales tax funds expended outside of incorporated cities: The County Commission, through the Flood Sales Tax Committee, may also consider flood risk reduction and recovery projects recommended by the County Engineer or requested by townships, neighborhood groups, or individuals for areas within and outside of the diversion protected area. Projects won't be considered if they are strictly for new rural development, especially cases where a developer would be shifting their cost to the County Flood Sales Tax. Special assessments may be considered as a local match to County sales tax funds. Funds may be expended for projects that provide benefit to Cass County residents but are physically constructed outside of the County boundaries such as retention projects. Funds may also be spent to assist property owners downstream from the diversion channel in offsetting diversion project impacts.

ADMINISTRATION

The Cass County Commission will organize and appoint members to a Flood Sales Tax Committee. This will be a six-member committee made up of the following members:

- 1. Two members of the Cass County Commission
- 2. Cass County Auditor
- 3. Cass County Administrator
- 4. Cass County Engineer
- 5. One member from either the Southeast Cass, Maple River, Rush River, or North Cass Water Resource District.

The Flood Sales Tax Committee will solicit project requests on a bi-annual basis. Meetings to review project requests will generally be held with one meeting in the fall (October-November) and one meeting in the spring (March-April). Requests received from political subdivisions and county staff for cost effective projects will be prioritized and considered for funding by the County Commission as funds available allow.

FUNDING ELIGIBILITY

Entities eligible for funding: Funding should generally be for flood protection for communities or individuals that live outside of the Diversion protected area or those within the Diversion protected area that do not receive a significant benefit from the Diversion. This includes:

- 1. Cities
- 2. Townships
- 3. Water Resource Districts
- 4. Farmsteads and Homesteads

SUBJECT: COUNTY SALES TAX FOR FLOOD RISK REDUCTION AND RECOVERY PROJECTS

ADOPTED DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2017 PAGE 3 OF 4

Types of projects eligible for funding:

- 1. Levee construction or recertification for cities or rural subdivisions. Generally levee projects should be constructed to FEMA and/or US Army Corps of Engineer standards and be able to bring the benefited area out of the 1% chance (100 year) floodplain. These levees would also need to be maintained at that standard by either the city or township that is a member of the National Flood Insurance Program. Rural subdivisions seeking this funding would need to complete an agreement with the township and form an assessment district for the long term maintenance of the levee.
- 2. Flood control projects.
- 3. Water retention or detention projects.
- 4. Dam construction or maintenance.
- 5. Lift Stations for removing storm water from within a levee protected area.
- 6. Rural Farmstead Ring Levees (in conjunction with the ND State Water Commission 50% cost share) as outlined on the ND State Water Commission website under "Cost Share" at http://www.swc.state.nd.us/project_development/cost_share.html. Generally levee projects should be constructed to FEMA and/or US Army Corps of Engineer standards. However, individual rural farmsteads cannot be "certified" by FEMA or the US Army Corps of Engineers as they not maintained by either a city or township that is a member of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 7. Road Projects that provide infrastructure protection to prevent significant future flood damage. These requests may be standalone projects or in conjunction with post-flood damage repair with or without FEMA cost share.
- 8. Road access (road raises or other infrastructure improvements that will allow access to a city, subdivision, or rural residence/farmstead).
- 9. Embankment slumping along the Red River, Wild Rice River, Sheyenne River, Maple River, Rush and Lower Rush Rivers, and Legal Drains. River slumping projects may include road and infrastructure repair, home buyouts, and repair to legal drains.
- 10. Home buyouts for flooding and bank slumping.
- 11. Flood Recovery projects to include: Levee repair, road repair, bridge repair, and other infrastructure related repair projects. None infrastructure flood recovery such as debris removal and sandbag cleanup will not be eligible.

Cass County Sales Tax Cost Share:

- 1. Generally the cost share will be 50% of the "local" share of the non-retention projects, i.e. if a \$100,000 project had a 50% state cost share, the local share would be \$50,000 and the County cost share would be \$25,000.
- 2. Policy for Retention Projects: Cost share is 75% of the "local" share if they are approved by the Red River Joint Water Resource District.
- 3. Home buyouts for flooding and bank slumping: Cost share is 90% of the "local" cost with the homeowner paying 10% of the "local" cost.

SUBJECT: COUNTY SALES TAX FOR FLOOD RISK REDUCTION AND RECOVERY

ADOPTED DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2017 PAGE 4 OF 4

4. If significant funds are available compared to the project requests, the County may authorize a cost share above 50% for non-retention projects and above 75% for Retention Projects.

PROJECT PRIORITIES

Priority of projects will be based on the following:

- 1. Population benefited by the project
- 2. Distribution of funds by location
- 3. Disbursement percentage determined by the number of people benefited
- 4. Cost effectiveness of the project
- 5. Permanency of the project
- 6. Effect of the diversion on the project
- 7. Does the project have long-term merit (benefits extend beyond 10 years)
- 8. Other sources of funding from local, state, or federal cost share programs.

Evaluation Criteria: The County Commission and/or Flood Sales Tax Committee may use some or all of the following criteria in determining funding priorities:

- 1. Benefit cost ratio
- 2. Land area benefited
- 3. Population benefited
- 4. Downstream flood reduction
- 5. Total acre-feet of retention storage

HISTORICAL REFERENCE: AUGUST 2, 2010